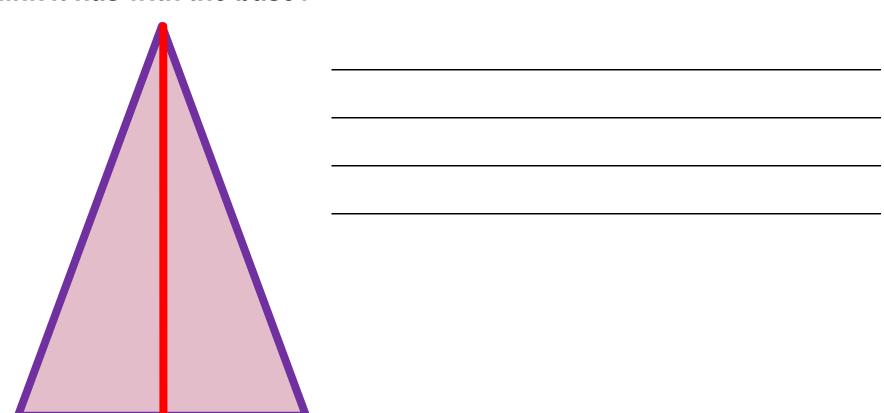
# CHAPTER 4 REVIEW

(DAY 1)

### Conjectures with the vertex angle bisector

If a segment bisects the vertex angle, what relationship do you think it has with the base?

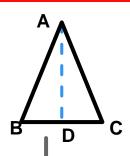


#### **Proof of Vertex Angle Bisector Theorem (Part 1)**

Given:  $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{AC}$   $\overline{AD}$  bisects  $\angle A$ 

Prove:  $\overline{BD} \cong \overline{CD}$  &  $\overline{BC} \perp \overline{AD}$ 

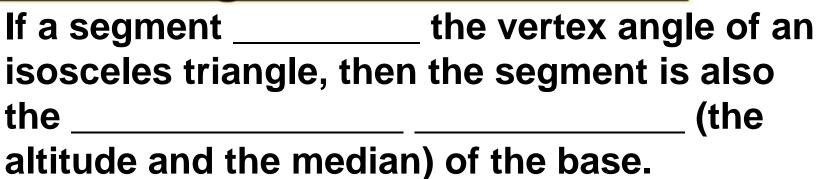
**Statements** 



#### Reasons

$\overline{AB} \cong \overline{AC}$
$\overline{AD}$ bisects $\angle A$
$\angle BAD \cong \angle CAD$
$\overline{AD}\cong \overline{AD}$
$\Delta BAD \cong \Delta CAD$
$\overline{BD}\cong\overline{CD}$
$\angle BDA \cong \angle CDA$
$m\angle BDA \cong m\angle CDA$
$m\angle BDA + m\angle CDA = 180$
$m\angle BDA + m\angle BDA = 180$
$2m\angle BDA = 180$
$m\angle BDA = 90$
$\overline{BC} \perp \overline{AD}$

#### Vertex Angle Bisector Theorem





## What do you need to know?

# Conjectures and Proofs

#### **Triangle Sum Theorem**

The sum of the measures of the angles in every triangle is 180°

### **Third Angle Theorem**

If two angles of one triangle are equal in measure to two angles of another triangle, then the third angle in each triangle is equal in measure to the third angle in the other triangle.

## **Triangle Exterior Angle Theorem**

The measure of an exterior angle of a triangle is equal to the sum of the measures of the remote interior angles.

## Triangle Congruency Conjectures

SSS SAS ASA AAS HL

#### **Base Angles Theorem**

If a triangle is isosceles, then its base angles are congruent.

### Converse of the Base Ang. Th.

If a triangle has two congruent angles, then it is an isosceles triangle.

#### **Vertex Angle Bisector Theorem**

In an isosceles triangle, the bisector of the vertex angle is also the altitude and the median to the base.